

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

PAPER NUMBER

 APPLICATION NO.
 FILING DATE
 FIRST NAMED INVENTOR
 ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
 CONFIRMATION NO.

 09/900,277
 07/06/2001
 Paul Hartke
 06356.P006
 6985

 7590
 01/05/2005
 EXAMINER

 James C. Scheller, Jr.
 ZAND, KAMBIZ

James C. Scheller, Jr.
BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP
Seventh Floor
12400 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026

2132
DATE MAILED: 01/05/2005

ART UNIT

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<u> </u>
Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	. i
	09/900,277	HARTKE ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Kambiz Zand	2132	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replace of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a ply within the statutory minimum of thi will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO te, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communi BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 J	luly 2001.		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	s action is non-final.	•	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the mer	its is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.I	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-57</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-57</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on 06 July 2001 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E) accepted or b) ⊠ obje e drawing(s) be held in abeya ction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	-
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	nts have been received. Its have been received in a point of the comments have been and (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stag	e e
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-57 have been examined.

Drawings

2. **Figures 1-5b** should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 4. Claims **6-9**, **14-16**, **22-24** and **29-31** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. Claims **6-9**, **14-16**, **22-24** and **29-31** recites the limitation "the chip interconnection network" in the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Application/Control Number: 09/900,277 Page 3

Art Unit: 2132

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claims 1-5, 10, 13, 17-21, 25, 26 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fox et al. (6,421,781 B1).

As per claims 1-5, 10, 13, 17-21, 25, 26 and 28 Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) disclose a method and an apparatus having at least one host and host memory and a system coupling said host and said memory to a network interface device (see fig.1 and 2; col.3, lines 28-65) comprising: receiving data from said system interface; determining if SSL processing required, performing SSL process if required, performing TCP/IP processing on said SSL packet, creating an IP packet and transmitting said IP packet to a network interface; performing TCP/IP by a processor while the payload remains in the interface device and informing the host if SSL require on the TCP data where SSL database is software or hardware oriented (see fig.1-5; col.3, lines 27-67; col.4-7 and col.8, lines 1-39).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclose or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

9. Claims 6-9, 11, 12, 14-16, 22-24, 27, 29-35 and 37-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) in view of Krause et al (6,070,198 A).

As per claims 9, 24, 33-35, 38, 40, 44, 45, 47, 49 and 53-57 Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) disclose a method and an apparatus having at least one host and host memory and a system coupling said host and said memory to a network interface device (see fig.1 and 2; col.3, lines 28-65) comprising: receiving data from said system interface; determining if SSL processing required, performing SSL process if required, performing TCP/IP processing on said SSL packet, creating an IP packet and transmitting said IP packet to a network interface; performing TCP/IP by a processor while the payload remains in the interface device and informing the host if SSL require on the TCP data where SSL database is software or hardware oriented (see fig.1-5; col.3, lines 27-67; col.4-7 and col.8, lines 1-39) but do not explicitly disclose an accelerator (s) coupled to said interface or network to perform SSL processing. However Krause et al (6,070,198 A)

Application/Control Number: 09/900,277

Art Unit: 2132

disclose an accelerator (s) coupled to said interface or network to perform SSL processing (see fig. 1, in particular blocks 16 and 18; fig.2, 3 and 5 and associated text). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize Krause's accelerator in Fox's TCP/IP processing system in order to provide a method and apparatus for performing a cryptographic function upon data passing through a protocol stack.

As per claims 6, 14, 22, 29, 37 and 46 Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) teach all limitation of the claims as applied above but do not expressly disclose SSL processing does not utilize system memory, the system bus or the chip interconnection network. However Krause et al (6,070,198 A) disclose SSL processing does not utilize system memory, the system bus or the chip interconnection network (see col.2, lines 65-67 and col.3, lines 1-21 where SSL operation involves Direct Access Memory rather than system memory, bus or the chip interconnection network). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize Krause's accelerator in Fox's TCP/IP processing system in order to provide a method and apparatus for performing a cryptographic function upon data passing through a protocol stack.

As per claims 7, 11, 15, 16, 30-32, 41-43 and 50-52 Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) teach all limitation of the claims as applied above but do not expressly disclose transmitting the IP packets by DMA operation (either by SSL processing or non-SSL processing).

Application/Control Number: 09/900,277

Art Unit: 2132

However Krause et al (6,070,198 A) disclose transmitting the IP packets by DMA operation (see col.3, lines 30-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize Krause's DMA IP processing method in Fox's TCP/IP processing system in order to provide a method and an apparatus for remotely monitoring and controlling devices over a computer network.

As per claims 8 and 22 Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) disclose SSL is software and hardware based (see col.8, lines 33-56).

As per claims 12, 27, 48 Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) disclose all limitation of the claim but do not disclose explicitly storage location comprises network offload Memory. However Krause et al (6,070,198 A) disclose storage location comprises network offload Memory (see fig.3, block 132). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize Krause's accelerator in Fox's TCP/IP processing system in order to provide a method and apparatus for performing a cryptographic function upon data passing through a protocol stack.

10. Claim 36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) in view of Krause et al (6,070,198 A) and further in view of Narasimhan et al. (6,44,192 B1).

Art Unit: 2132

As per claims 36 Fox et al (6,421,781 B1) in view of Krause et al (6,070,198 A) teach all limitation of the claim as applied above but do not explicitly disclose using Ethernet interface device. However Narasimhan et al. (6,44,192 B1) disclose inbound network interface comprises an Ethernet interface (see col.6, lines 47-58). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize Ethernet network interface in Fox's TCP/IP processing system in view of Krause's network system in order to have a support at the data link layer of the interface chip.

Conclusion

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:
 - U.S.Patent No. US (6,374,402 B1) teach method and apparatus for installation abstraction in a secure content delivery system.
 - U.S.Patent No. US (6,738,874 B2) teach controller architecture and strategy for small discontigious accesses to high-density memory devices.
 - U.S.Patent No. US (6,338,139 B1) teach information reproducing apparatus, authenticating apparatus, and information processing system.
- 12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kambiz Zand whose telephone number is (571) 272-3811. The examiner can normally reached on Monday-Thursday (8:00-5:00). If attempts

Art Unit: 2132

to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gilberto Barron can be reached on (571) 272-3799. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned as (703) 872-9306. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kambiz Zand

12/26/04